

Relationships and Sex Education Policy

1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place.
- > Prepare students for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene.
- ➤ Help students develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy.
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships.
- > Teach students the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies.

2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained secondary school, we must provide RSE to all students as per the <u>Children</u> and Social work act 2017.

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the Education Act 1996.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, students and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review The Deputy Headteacher and the Leader for PSHCRE pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance.
- 2. Staff consultation school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations.
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to attend a meeting about the policy.
- 4. Student consultation we worked with members of the student body to identify what exactly they wanted from their RSE curriculum.
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified.



4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of students, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our PSHRE curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, students and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of students. If students ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSE

At the Hamble school, the main channels for delivery this education are:

- PSHRE lessons
- PSHRE days
- Tutor programme
- Assemblies

Some topics which are of a sensitive/complex nature would be better taught by specialist staff trained to deliver such content. Therefore, the following content will be taught through assembly style PSHRE lessons or PSHRE days.

See appendix 1 for an overview of the PSHRE days.

RSE focuses on giving young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds including:

- > Families
- > Respectful relationships, including friendships
- >Online and media
- > Being safe
- Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example looked after children or young carers).



7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The Governing Board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the Headteacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The Headteacher

The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw students from non-science components of RSE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- > Delivering RSE in a sensitive way.
- > Modelling positive attitudes to RSE.
- > Monitoring progress.
- > Responding to the needs of individual students.
- Responding appropriately to students whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-science components of RSE.

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the Headteacher.

7.4 Students

Students are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-science components of sex education within RSE up to and until 3 terms before the child turns 16. After this point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than being withdrawn, the school will arrange this.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 4 of this policy and addressed to the Headteacher.

A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the student's educational record. The headteacher will discuss the request with parents and take appropriate action.

Alternative work will be given to students who are withdrawn from sex education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The Headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.



10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by the PSHCRE Co-ordinator through work scrutiny, learning walks, observations, student feedback, and assessment data.

Students' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by the Senior Deputy Headteacher annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by the Full Governing Body.

Name of Policy	Relationships & Sex Education Policy
Review cycle	Annual
Review by Committee	L&A
Date of last approval by Committee	15 November 2023
Date of approval by FGB	28 November 2023
Date of next approval by committee	October 2024
Date of next approval	November 2024



Appendix 1: PSHRE Curriculum

DOLLODE O	urriculum Map				
		V0	V0	V40	V44
Term	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
Health	. 1. Introduction to PSHCRE 2. Caffeine 3. Food choices 4. What is a healthy lifestyle (inc some info about alcohol and tobacco)	Introduction to year 8 PSHCRE Tobacco and risks Alcohol and Risks Vaccinations	Exploring attitudes Drugs and the law Drugs and their effects Managing Influences	Recognising Gang Behaviour Substance use and addressing risk Substance use and managing influence Seeking help	Vaccination and Disease Coping with exam stress The importance of sleep Benefits of self examination
Safeguardin Assembly					
					FULL DAY THURSDAY 6TH OCT: 'Exams and Stress - How to protect your emotional and
PSHCRE D		4 5 86 - 5 - 30 6 O TUICO	4 Deckie a cod conservato	1.00-1	nhasical wellheing'
Ambition	1. Learning Skills/lifelong learner 2. Growth Mindset 3. Stereotypes (& Racism)	What will happen after THS? Exploring Careers Values	Banking and accounts Budgetting Managing financial risks: Credit	Choices and pathways Careers Advice and Guidance Getting a job/CV/LOA/Interview	1.Employment rights and harassment 2. Employability/skills 3. Digital comms in the workplace
Safeguardin g Assembly					
PSHCRE D	aus		1 HOUR SESSION 'Contraception' with Shannon Reddin	1 HOUR SESSION 'Consent' with Shannon Reddin, to include sexual violence and harraccement	
	1. Respect online (Positive relationships/trolls/bullying) 2. Respect and rights 3. Respect for communities	Who runs our country Parliament Rules and Justice Knife Crime	Body image Cybercrime 1 Cybercrime 2	Responsible reporting/Free press/misinformation Types of government Public money	Components of UK law UK Constitution Multicultural Britain
Safeguardin g Assembly		That sharing and viewing indecent images of children		Sexual harassment	Viewing harmful content
g. 122211121g		inages of children	FULL DAY TUESDAY 17TH		1 HOUR SESSION 'Healthy Relationships' with Shannon
PSHCRE D	ays		JAN: 'Healthy Relationships'		nerationships with Shannon
Being M e	 Changing adolescent bodies Emotional and physical well-being in puberty Dental health 	Emotional wellbeing - Managing feelings and decisions Managing change, loss and grief Resilience	Equality and discrimination Respect and sexuality Respect and racism Understanding and Preventing Extreemism	 Addiction - Gaming and Gambling 2. Addiction & dependency: alcohol and prescription drugs 3. Addiction and dependency: social media 	Organ donation Human Rights Community involvement
Safeguardin g Assembly		Where do I fit in?	Harassment and grooming.		
		1 HOUR SESSION 'Sharing of Nudes' with Shannon Reddin			
PSHCRE D	ays 1. Tupes of families	Healthy and unhealthy relationships	1. Intro to consent	1. Healthy Choices & relationships (inc	1 CTI's transmission
Love and	2.Committment & marriage 3. Parenting and raising children	Stereotypes and prejudice inc disability White states are series and prejudice inc Stereotypes	Avoiding assumptions Freedom and capacity to consent	not having sex) 2. Fertility 3. Pregnancy Choices and	to transmission contraception Preparing for next steps.
Safeguardin g Assembly		Honor based violence, forced marriage and FGM	Rape and harrassement.	Pornography and harmful online content.	Consent (consent, exploitation, grooming, coercion)
PSHCRE D	1 HOUR SESSION 'Know your Bits' with Shannon Reddin, to include info	FULL DAY THURSDAY 20TH APRIL : 'Staying Safe'			
Emotiona	2. Happiness 3. Express yourself - forming	1. First aid 1 2. First Aid 2 3.Mental Health and III Health	Attitudes to Mental Health Unhealthy Coping Strategies Healthy coping strategies	Coping with pressure Supporting someone in crisis Mental Health	N/A
Safeguardin g Assembly					
	FULL DAY TUESDAY 6TH JUNE: 'Looking After			THURS 22ND JUNE: CAREERS FAYRE	
SHCRE D	Yourself*				



Appendix 2: By the end of secondary school students should know

TOPIC	STUDENTS SHOULD KNOW
Families	 That there are different types of committed, stable relationships. How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children. What marriage is, including their legal status e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony. Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into. The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships. The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting. How to determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy; judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about others, if needed



TOPIC	STUDENTS SHOULD KNOW
Respectful relationships, including friendships	• The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship.
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.
	• How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice).
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs.
	• About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help.
	That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control.
	What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable.
	The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal.



TOPIC	STUDENTS SHOULD KNOW		
Online and media	• Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online.		
	 About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online. 		
	 Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them. 		
	 What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online. 		
	The impact of viewing harmful content.		
	• That specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners.		
	• That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail.		
	How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online.		
Being safe	• The concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships.		
	• How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online).		



TOPIC	STUDENTS SHOULD KNOW
Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health	How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship.
	That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing.
	• The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women.
	• That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others.
	That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex.
	The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available.
	The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage.
	• That there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help).
	• How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing.
	 About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment.
	How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour.
	How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment.



Appendix 4: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS			
	Class		
	Date		
ndrawing from sex educat	ion within I	relationships and sex education	
Any other information you would like the school to consider			
ETED BY THE SCHOOL			
	mation you would like the	Date ndrawing from sex education within	